## AVR32718: AT32UC3 Series Software Framework DSPLib

## 1. Introduction

This application note describes the DSP Library from the AVR32 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Software Framework. It details the main functions (prototype, algorithm and benchmark) of the DSP library: FFT, convolution, FIR and partial IIR using GCC compiler.
All the source code (C code and assembly), software example and GCC and IAR projects are released in the AVR32 UC3 Software Framework.

### 1.1 References

- AVR32 UC3 Software Framework: This framework provides software drivers, libraries and application examples to build any application for AVR32 UC3. devices.http://www.atmel.com/dyn/products/tools_card.asp?tool_id=4192
- AVR32 Architecture Manual:
http://www.atmel.com/dyn/resources/prod_documents/doc32000.pdf


## 2. Radix-4 decimate in time complex FFT

### 2.1 Description

This function computes a complex FFT from an input signal. It uses the Radix-4 "Decimate In Time" algorithm and does not perform a calculation "in place" which means that the input buffer has to be different from the output buffer.Function prototype
void dspXX_trans_complexfft(
dspXX_complex_t *vect1,
dspXX_t *vect2,
int nlog);
where $X X$ corresponds to the number of bits of a basic data element (i.e. 16 or 32).

### 2.1.1 Arguments

This function takes three parameters: the output buffer, the input buffer and a value corresponding to the size of those buffers.

The output buffer (vect1) is a pointer on a complex vector of $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge} \mathbf{n l o g}$ elements.
The input buffer (vect2) is a pointer on a real vector of $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge}$ nlog elements.
The size argument (nlog) is in fact the base-2-logarithm of the size of the input vector. (nlog fits in $[2,4,6, \ldots, 28])$

### 2.1.2 Algorithm

Following is the algorithm used to implement the radix-4 DIT complex FFT. The optimized version is based on this algorithm but can differ in certain points due to the instruction set of the target:

```
size = 1 << nlog
FOR r FROM 0 TO size-1 STEP 4 DO
Butterfly_zero_only_real_and_bit_reversing(vect1, vect2, r)
END
FOR stage FROM 1 TO nlog/2 DO
m=4 ^ stage
FOR r FROM 0 TO size-1 STEP m DO
Butterfly_zero(vect1, r)
END
FOR j FROM 1 TO m / 4-1 DO
Comput_twiddle_factors(e, e2, e3, j / m)
FOR r FROM 0 TO size-1 STEP m DO
Butterfly(vect1, r, j, e, e2, e3)
END
END
END
```


### 2.1.3 Notes

Interruptibility: the code is interruptible.
In-place computation is not allowed.
This function uses a static twiddle factors table raw-coded in the file "BASIC/TRANSFORMS/dspXX_twiddle_factors.h". To generate those factors, you can use the script called "tf_gen.sci" and execute it with Scilab.

To avoid overflowing values, the resulting vector amplitude is scaled by $2^{\wedge}$ nlog.
All the vectors have to be 32-bit aligned.

### 2.2 Benchmark

### 2.2.1 Benchmark routine

All these functions have been benchmarked on an avr32-uc3a0512 target. The programs have been compiled with avr32-gcc (4.0.2-atmel.1.0.0) with the -O3 optimization option and have been stored in FLASH memory. The fixed-point format used is the Q1.15 format for the 16-bit data and the Q1.31 format for the 32-bit data.

The benchmark process has been performed with the same input signal for all those functions and compared with a reference's signal computed with a mathematic tool using floating point.

The input signal is a combination of one sine and one cosine. The sine oscillating at 400 Hz and the cosine at 2 KHz . Those signals have been multiplied and sampled at 40 KHz .


### 2.2.2 Result

Here are tables of the main values of the benchmark results. All those values correspond to the best performances of the functions and are obtained with different compilation options. For more information, please refer to the complete benchmark result table in annexes.
2.2.2.1

16-bit radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: generic
Concerned file path: /BASIC/TRANSFORMS/dsp16_complex_fft_generic.c

|  | Lowest cycle count | Fastest computation at 60 MHz | Lowest Error |  | Lowest Algorithm's size in memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 64-points | 6,296 | 108.2us | 1.58e-5 | $6.53 \mathrm{e}-5$ | 1.1 Kbytes |
| 256-points | 33,723 | 578.0us | $1.69 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $8.80 \mathrm{e}-5$ | 1.3 Kbytes |
| 1024-points | 169,006 | 2.90 ms | 1.67e-5 | 12.31e-4 | 2.0 Kbytes |
| 4096-points | 812,321 | 13.90 ms | 1.52e-5 | $14.60 \mathrm{e}-4$ | 5.0 Kbytes |

More details on Table 1.1.1 in annexes
2.2.2.2

16-bit radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: avr32-uc3 optimized
Concerned file path: /BASIC/TRANSFORMS/dsp16_complex_fft_avr32uc3.c

|  | Lowest cycle count | Fastest computation at 60 MHz | Lowest Error |  | Lowest Algorithm's size in memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 64-points | 2,611 | 44.4 us | $1.63 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $6.53 \mathrm{e}-5$ | 710 bytes |
| 256-points | 13,661 | 232.2 us | $1.68 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $7.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ | 902 bytes |
| 1024-points | 67,671 | 1.15 ms | $1.69 \mathrm{e}-5$ | 1.02e-4 | 1.6 Kbytes |
| 4096-points | 322,897 | 5.49 ms | $1.58 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $1.18 \mathrm{e}-4$ | 4.6 Kbytes |

Warning: this function is only compatible with Q1.15 numbers.
Note: this function needs 72 bytes of memory for the stack.
More details on Table 1.1.2 in annexes
2.2.2.3 32-bit radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: generic

Concerned file path: /BASIC/TRANSFORMS/dsp32_complex_fft_generic.c

|  |  |  | Lowest Error |  | Lowest Algorithm's size <br> in memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest cycle count | Fastest computation <br> at 60 MHz | Amplitude <br> average | Max. amplitude |  |
|  | 13,206 | 225.2 us | $6.0 \mathrm{e}-10$ | 4.0 Kbytes |  |
| $256-$ points | 74,297 | 1.27 us | $3.0 \mathrm{e}-10$ | 2.4 Kbytes |  |
| 1024 -points | 383,212 | 6.53 ms | $3.0 \mathrm{e}-10$ | $6.1 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |

More details on Table 1.2.1 in annexes

## 3. Convolution

### 3.1 Description

This function performs a linear convolution between two discrete sequences.

### 3.1.1 Function prototype

> void dspXX_vect_conv(

```
dspXX_t *vect1,
```

dspXX_t *vect2,
int vect2_size,
dspXX_t *vect3,
int vect3_size);
where XX corresponds to the number of bits of a basic data element (i.e. 16 or 32).

### 3.1.2 Arguments

This function takes five parameters: the output buffer, the two discrete sequences and their respective sizes.

- The output buffer (vect1) is a pointer on a real vector of (vect2_size + vect3_size - 1) elements.
- The first input buffer (vect2) is a pointer on a real vector of vect2_size elements.
- The first size argument (vect2_size) is the length of the first input buffer (vect2_size $\in[8,9$, 10, ...]).
- The second input buffer (vect3) is a pointer on a real vector of vect3_size elements.
- The second size argument (vect3_size) is the length of the second input buffer (vect3_size fits in $[8,9,10, \ldots]$ ).


### 3.1.3 Requirements

This function requires 3 modules:

| Module name | Function name | Concerned file path |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero Padding | dspXX_vect_zeropad | /BASIC/VECTORS/zero_padding.c |
| Copy | dspXX_vect_copy | /BASIC/VECTORS/copy.c |
| Partial Convolution | dspXX_vect_convpart | /BASIC/VECTORS/convolution_partial.c |

The output buffer of the function has to have at least a length of $\mathbf{N}+\mathbf{2}^{*} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{- 2}$ elements because of intern computations, where $N$ is the length of the largest input buffer and $M$, the length of the smallest input buffer.

### 3.1.4 Algorithm

Following is the algorithm used to implement the convolution product. The optimized version is based on this algorithm but can differ in certain points due to the instruction set of the target:

IF vect2_size >= vect3_size THEN
vect1 =

| $0000 \ldots 0000$ | vect2 | $0000 \ldots 0000$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| vect3_size-1 | vect2_size | vect3_size-1 |

Partial_convolution(vect1, vect1, vect2_size + 2*(vect3_size - 1), vect3, vect3_size) ELSE
vect1 =


Partial_convolution(vect1, vect1, vect3_size + 2*(vect2_size - 1), vect2, vect2_size) END

### 3.1.5 Notes

- Interruptibility: the code is interruptible.
- Due to its implementation, the dsp16-avr32-uc3 optimized version of the FIR requires a length of $4^{*} \mathrm{~m}$ elements for the largest input discrete sequence and the output buffer (vect1) has to have a length of $4^{*}$ n elements to avoid overflows.
- The input discrete sequences have to be scaled to avoid overflowing values.
- All the vectors have to be 32-bit aligned.


### 3.2 Benchmark

### 3.2.1 Benchmark routine

All these functions have been benchmarked on an avr32-uc3a0512 target. The programs have been compiled with avr32-gcc (4.1.2-atmel.1.0.0) with the -O3 optimization option and have been stored in FLASH memory. The fixed-point format used is the Q1.15 format for the 16-bit data and the Q1.31 format for the 32-bit data.

The benchmark process has been performed with the same input signal and impulse response for all those functions and compared with a reference's signal computed with a mathematic tool using floating point.

The first input signal is a sine oscillating at 433 Hz and the second input signal is a cosine oscillating at 2 KHz . Those signals are sampled at 40 KHz .


### 3.2.2 Result

Here are tables of the main values of the benchmark results. All those values correspond to the best performances of the functions and are obtained with different compilation options. For more information, please refer to the complete benchmark result table in annexes.

Concerned file path: /BASIC/VECTORS/convolution.c
3.2.2.1 16 -bit Convolution: generic

Algorithm's size in memory: 2.2 Kbytes.
Length of the first input signal: 64 elements.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| 32-points | 23,524 | 408.5 us | $2.0 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.5 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 64 -points | 57,757 | 1.00 ms | $1.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.7 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| $128-$ points | 86,752 | 1.50 ms | $1.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.4 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 256 -points | 144,736 | 2.51 ms | $1.5 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 2.1.1 in annexes

16-bit Convolution: avr32-uc3 optimized
Algorithm's size in memory: 950 bytes.
Length of the first input signal: 64 elements.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| count | 8,248 | 151.2 us | $2.0 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.5 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 64 -points | 19,087 | 349.1 us | $1.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.7 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 128 -points | 28,532 | 521.8 us | $1.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.4 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 256 -points | 47,412 | 866.9 us | $1.5 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.8 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 2.1.2 in annexes

### 3.2.2.3 32-bit Convolution: generic

Algorithm's size in memory: 3.3 Kbytes.
Length of the first input signal: 64 elements.

|  | Lowest cycle <br> count | Fastest computation at 60 <br> MHz | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 42,572 | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 32-points | 109,179 | 1.87 ms | $0.4 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.1 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 64 -points | 163,968 | 2.81 ms | $0.4 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 128-points | 273,536 | $0.5 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.6 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |
| 256 -points | 4.69 ms | $0.6 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |

More details on Table 2.2.1 in annexes
3.2.2.4 32-bit Convolution: avr32-uc3 optimized

Algorithm's size in memory: 1.5 Kbytes.
Length of the first input signal: 64 elements.

|  | Lowest cycle <br> count | Fastest computation at 60 <br> $\mathbf{M H z}$ | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 32-points | 19,958 | 340.2 us | $0.5 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.1 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 64-points | 50,501 | 860.4 us | $0.5 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 128 -points | 75,722 | 1.29 ms | $0.6 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.4 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 256 -points | 126,154 | 2.15 ms | $0.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ |

More details on Table 2.2.2 in annexes

## 4. FIR Filter (alias Partial Convolution)

### 4.1 Description

This function computes a real FIR filter using the impulse response of the desire filter onto a fixed-length signal.

### 4.1.1 Function prototype

```
void dspXX_filt_fir(
    dspXX_t *vect1,
    dspXX_t *vect2,
    int size,
    dspXX_t *h,
    int h_size);
```

```
void dspXX_vect_convpart(
```

void dspXX_vect_convpart(
dspXX_t *vect1,
dspXX_t *vect1,
dspXX_t *vect2,
dspXX_t *vect2,
int vect2_size,
int vect2_size,
dspXX_t *vect3,
dspXX_t *vect3,
int vect3_size);

```
    int vect3_size);
```

where XX corresponds to the number of bits of a basic data element (i.e. 16 or 32).

### 4.1.2 Arguments

This function takes five parameters: the output buffer, the input buffer, its size, the impulse response of the filter and its size.

The output buffer (vect1) is a pointer on a real vector of (size $\mathbf{- h} \mathbf{h}$ size $\boldsymbol{+} \mathbf{1}$ ) elements.
The input buffer (vect2) is a pointer on a real vector of size elements.
The size argument (size) is the length of the input buffer (size fits in $[4,8,12, \ldots]$ ).
The impulse response of the filter (h) is a pointer on a real vector of $\mathbf{h}$ _size elements.
The size argument (h_size) is the length of the impulse response of the filter (h_size fits in [8, 9, 10, ...]).

### 4.1.3 Requirements

This function requires one module:

| Module name | Function name | Concerned file path |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partial Convolution | dspXX_vect_convpart | /BASIC/VECTORS/convolution_partial.c |

### 4.1.4 Algorithm

Following is the algorithm used to implement the FIR filter. The optimized version is based on this algorithm but can differ in certain points due to the instruction set of the target:

```
FOR j FROM 0 TO size - h_size + 1 DO
sum = 0
FOR i FROM 0 TO h_size DO
sum += vect2[i] * h[h_size - i - 1]
END
vect1[j] = sum >> DSPXX_QB
END
```


### 4.1.5 Notes

- Interruptibility: the code is interruptible.
- Due to its implementation, for the dsp16-avr32-uc3 optimized version of the FIR, the output buffer (vect1) has to have a length of $4^{*}$ n elements to avoid overflows.
- The impulse response of the filter has to be scaled to avoid overflowing values.
- All the vectors have to be 32 -bit aligned.


### 4.2 Benchmark

### 4.2.1 Benchmark routine

All these functions have been benchmarked on an avr32-uc3a0512 target. The programs have been compiled with avr32-gcc (4.1.2-atmel.1.0.0) with the -O3 optimization option and have been stored in FLASH memory. The fixed-point format used is the Q1.15 format for the 16-bit data and the Q1.31 format for the 32-bit data.

The benchmark process has been performed with the same input signal and impulse response for all those functions and compared with a reference's signal computed with a mathematic tool using floating point.

The input signal is a combination of one sine and one cosine. The sine oscillating at 400 Hz and the cosine at 2 KHz . Those signals have been multiplied and sampled at 40 KHz .

The impulse response describes a low-pass filter with a cutoff frequency equal to 400 Hz .


Input signal

$>$
FIR filter


Resulting signal

Impulse response of the filter

### 4.2.2 Result

Here are tables of the main values of the benchmark results. All those values correspond to the best performances of the functions and are obtained with different compilation options. For more information, please refer to the complete benchmark result table in annexes.
4.2.2.1 16-bit FIR filter: generic

Concerned file path: /BASIC/VECTORS/dsp16_convpart_generic.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 2.0 Kbytes.
Number of Taps: 24.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| 64-points | 7,424 | 128.0 us | $2.27 \mathrm{e}-5$ |  |
| 256 -points | 41,793 | 720.0 us | $2.22 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 512 -points | 87,617 | 1.51 ms | $2.23 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 1024 -points | 179,265 | 3.09 ms | $2.21 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 3.1.1 in annexes
4.2.2.2

16-bit FIR filter: avr32-uc3 optimized
Concerned file path: /BASIC/VECTORS/dsp16_convpart_avr32uc3.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 770 bytes.
Number of Taps: 24.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| 64 -points | 2,439 | 44.3 us | $2.27 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 256 -points | 12,712 | 230.7 us | $2.22 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 512 -points | 26,408 | 479.2 us | $2.23 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 1024 -points | 53,800 | 976.3 us | $2.21 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $9.46 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 3.1.2 in annexes
4.2.2.3

32-bit FIR filter: generic
Concerned file path: /BASIC/VECTORS/dsp32_convpart_generic.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 3.1 Kbytes.
Number of Taps: 24.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Mmplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| 64-points | 13,984 | 239.4 us | $2.1 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.24 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| 256 -points | 79,073 | 1.35 ms | $2.3 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.74 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| 512 -points | 165,857 | 2.84 ms | $2.6 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.31 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| $1024-$ points | 339,425 | 5.81 ms | $3.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.84 \mathrm{e}-8$ |

More details on Table 3.2.1 in annexes

### 4.2.2.4 32-bit FIR filter: avr32-uc3 optimized

Concerned file path: /BASIC/VECTORS/dsp32_convpart_avr32uc3.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 1.3 Kbytes.
Number of Taps: 24.

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| $64-$ points | 6,479 | 110.2 us | $2.1 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.24 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| 256 -points | 36,432 | 619.0 us | $2.3 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $1.24 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| $512-$ points | 76,368 | 1.30 ms | $2.6 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.31 \mathrm{e}-8$ |
| $1024-$ points | 156,240 | 2.65 ms | $3.7 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $2.84 \mathrm{e}-8$ |

More details on Table 3.2.2 in annexes

## 5. Partial IIR Filter

### 5.1 Description

This function computes a real IIR filter using the impulse response of the desire filter onto a fixed-length signal.

### 5.1.1 Function prototype

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { void dspXX_filt_iir( } \\
& \text { dspXX_t *vect1, } \\
& \text { dspXX_t *vect2, } \\
& \text { int size, } \\
& \text { dspXX_t *num, } \\
& \text { int num_size, } \\
& \text { dspXX_t *den, } \\
& \text { int den_size, } \\
& \text { int num_prediv, } \\
& \text { int den_prediv), }
\end{aligned}
$$

where XX corresponds to the number of bits of a basic data element (i.e. 16 or 32 ).

### 5.1.2 Arguments

This function takes five parameters: the output buffer, the input buffer, its size, the coefficients of the filter, theirs sizes and a coefficient's predivisor.

The output buffer (vect1) is a pointer on a real vector of (size - num_size +1) elements.
The input buffer (vect2) is a pointer on a real vector of size elements.
The size argument (size) is the length of the input buffer (size fits in [4, 5, 6, 7, ..]).
The numerator's coefficients argument of the filter (num) is a pointer on a real vector of num_size elements.

The size argument (num_size) is the length of the numerator's coefficients of the filter (num_size fits in [1, 2, 3, ...]).

The denominator's coefficients argument of the filter (den) is a pointer on a real vector of den_size elements.

The size argument (den_size) is the length of the denominator's coefficients of the filter (den_size fits in $[1,2,3, \ldots]$ ).

The predivisors (num_prediv and den_prediv) are used to scale down the denominator/numerator's coefficients of the filter in order to avoid overflow values. So when you use this feature, you have to prescale manually the denominator/numerator's coefficients by $2^{\wedge}$ prediv else leave this field to 0 .

### 5.1.3 Algorithm

Following is the algorithm used to implement the IIR filter. The optimized version is based on this algorithm but can differ in certain points due to the instruction set of the target:

```
// Initialization of the vect1 coefficients
FOR n FROM 0 TO den_size - 1 DO
sum1 = 0
FOR m FROM 0 TO num_size - 1 DO
sum1 += num[m] * vect2[n + num_size - m - 1]
END
sum2 = 0
FOR m FROM 1 TO n DO
sum2 += den[m] * vect1[n-m]
END
vect1[n] = (sum1 - (sum2 << prediv)) >> DSPXX_QB
END
FOR n FROM n TO size - num_size DO
sum1 = 0
FOR m FROM 0 TO num_size - 1 DO
sum1 += num[m] * vect2[n + num_size - m - 1]
END
sum2 = 0
FOR m FROM 1 TO den_size - 1 DO
sum2 += den[m] * vect1[n-m]
END
vect1[n] = (sum1 - (sum2 << prediv)) >> DSPXX_QB
END
```

5.1.4 Notes

- Interruptibility: the code is interruptible.
- Due to its implementation, for the dsp16-avr32-uc3 optimized version of the FIR, the output buffer (vect1) has to have a length of $4^{*}$ n elements to avoid overflows.
- The impulse response of the filter has to be scaled to avoid overflowing values.
- All the vectors have to be 32 -bit aligned.
- The first denominator's coefficient have to be equal to 1 / ( $2^{\wedge}$ prediv).
- The predivisor (prediv) must be lower or equals to the constant DSPXX_QB.


### 5.2 Benchmark

### 5.2.1 Benchmark routine

All these functions have been benchmarked on an avr32-uc3a0512 target. The programs have been compiled with avr32-gcc (4.1.2-atmel.1.0.0) with the -O3 optimization option and have been stored in FLASH memory. The fixed-point format used is the Q1.15 format for the 16-bit data and the Q1.31 format for the 32-bit data.

The benchmark process has been performed with the same input signal and impulse response for all those functions and compared with a reference's signal computed with a mathematic tool using floating point.

The input signal is a combination of one sine and one cosine. The sine oscillating at 400 Hz and the cosine at 4 KHz . Those signals have been added together and sampled at 8 KHz .

The filter used is a low-pass Butterworth filter with a cutoff frequency equal to 2 KHz .


Filter's module
$>$
IIR filter


Resulting signal
5.2.2 Result

Here are tables of the main values of the benchmark results. All those values correspond to the best performances of the functions and are obtained with different compilation options. For more information, please refer to the complete benchmark result table in annexes.
5.2.2.1 $\quad$ 16-bit IIR filter: generic

Concerned file path: /BASIC/FILTERING/dsp16_iir_generic.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 266 bytes.
Order of the filter: 7

|  | Lowest cycle <br> count | Fastest computation at 60 <br> MHz | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11,469 | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 72-points | 213.4 us | $1.40 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.30 \mathrm{e}-5$ |  |
| 256-points | 44,591 | 829.8 us | $1.40 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.30 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 512 -points | 90,671 | 1.69 ms | $1.40 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.30 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 1024-points | 182,831 | 3.40 ms | $1.40 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $4.30 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 4.1.1 in annexes

### 5.2.2.2

16-bit IIR filter: avr32-uc3 optimized
Concerned file path: /BASIC/FILTERING/dsp16_iir_avr32uc3.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 1.0 Kbytes (size optimization), 3.1 Kbytes (speed optimization).
Order of the filter: 7

|  | Lowest cycle <br> count | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |  |
| 72-points | 4,332 | 78.0 us | $1.90 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $6.90 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 256-points | 15,006 | 270.5 us | $1.70 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $6.90 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 512 -points | 29,854 | 538.2 us | $1.70 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $6.90 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| 1024-points | 59,550 | 1.07 ms | $1.70 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $6.90 \mathrm{e}-5$ |

More details on Table 4.1.2 in annexes
5.2.2.3 32 -bit IIR filter: generic

Concerned file path: /BASIC/FILTERING/dsp32_iir_generic.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 400 bytes.
Order of the filter: 7

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Amplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| $72-$ points | 14,517 | 265.4 us | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |
| 256 -points | 56,471 | 1.03 ms | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $7.00 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| $512-$ points | 114,839 | 2.10 ms | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $7.00 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 1024 -points | 231,575 | 4.23 ms | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |

More details on Table 4.2.1 in annexes

Concerned file path: /BASIC/FILTERING/dsp32_iir_avr32uc3.c
Algorithm's size in memory: 3.0 Kbytes.
Order of the filter: 7

|  | Lowest cycle | Fastest computation at 60 | Lowest Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | count | MHz | Mmplitude average | Max. amplitude |
| 72-points | 8,859 | 153.9 us | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ |  |
| 256 -points | 33,333 | 577.1 us | $1.50 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $7.00 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 512-points | 67,381 | 1.17 ms | $1.60 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $7.00 \mathrm{e}-9$ |
| 1024-points | 135,477 | 2.34 ms | $1.60 \mathrm{e}-9$ | $7.00 \mathrm{e}-9$ |

More details on Table 4.2.2 in annexes

Benchmark results for the 16-bit version (with speed optimization)
The benchmark has been performed on a 72-element input signal.


Benchmark results for the 32-bit version (with speed optimization)
The benchmark has been performed on a 72 -element input signal.


Remark: the number of coefficients corresponds to a filter which order is equal to "Number of coefficients" 1 .

## 6. Annexes

Table 1.1.1 - Benchmark of 16 -bit Radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: generic

|  | 든NNN응 | T.F.T.* in SR | M (cycles) | T.F.T.* in FL | (cycles) | Amplitude | ror Max. ampli- | Algorithm's size in memory (bytes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | wait- | tate | wait- | tate |  |  | (code size + T.F.T.* |
|  |  | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz | 105) | (10-5) | size) |
| 64-point | (0) | 6,296 (209.9us) | 6,489 (108.2us) | 6,640 (221.3us) | 7,012 (116.9us) | 2.98 | 15.63 | $1 \mathrm{~K}(840$ + 194) |
|  | (1) | 6,343 (211.4us) | 6,538 (109.0us) | 6,777 (225.9us) | 7,167 (119.5us) | 1.58 | 6.53 | 1K (844 + 194) |
|  | (2) | 6,666 (222.2us) | 6,959 (116.0us) | 7,092 (236.4us) | 7,546 (125.8us) | 2.98 | 15.63 | 1.1K (1032 + 66) |
|  | (3) | 6,747 (224.9us) | 6,996 (116.6us) | 7,101 (236.7us) | 7,536 (125.6us) | 1.58 | 6.53 | $1 \mathrm{~K}(984+66)$ |
| 256-point | (0) | 33,723 (1124.1us) | 34,682 (578.0us) | 35,265 (1175.5us) | 37,033 (617.2us) | 3.02 | 21.92 | $1.6 \mathrm{~K}(840+770)$ |
|  | (1) | 34,041 (1134.7us) | 35,003 (583.4us) | 35,988 (1199.6us) | 37,836 (630.6us) | 1.69 | 8.80 | $1.6 \mathrm{~K}(844+770)$ |
|  | (2) | 35,304 (1176.8us) | 36,675 (611.3us) | 37,194 (1239.8us) | 39,294 (654.9us) | 3.02 | 21.92 | 1.3K (1032 + 258) |
|  | (3) | 35,,826 (1194.2us) | 37,032 (617.2us) | 37,419 (1247.3us) | 39,453 (657.6us) | 1.69 | 8.80 | 1.2K (984 + 258) |
| 1024-point | (0) | 169,006 (5.63ms) | 173,611 (2.90ms) | 175,394 (5.85ms) | 183,358 (3.06ms) | 3.04 | 25.01 | 3.8K (840 + 3K) |
|  | (1) | 170,795 (5.69ms) | 175,404 (2.92ms) | 178,863 (5.96ms) | 187,161 (3.12ms) | 1.67 | 12.31 | 3.8K (844 + 3K) |
|  | (2) | 175,446 (5.85ms) | 181,703 (3.03ms) | 183,248 (6.11ms) | 192,530 (3.21ms) | 3.04 | 25.01 | 2K (1032 + 1K) |
|  | (3) | 178,153 (5.94ms) | 183,772 (3.06ms) | 184,761 (6.16ms) | 193,802 (3.23ms) | 1.67 | 12.31 | $2 \mathrm{~K}(984+1 \mathrm{~K})$ |
| 4096-point | (0) | 812,321 (27.08ms) | 833,820 (13.90ms) | 838,147 (27.94ms) | 873,235 (14.55ms) | 3.09 | 32.90 | 12.8K (840 + 12K) |
|  | (1) | 821,533 (27.38ms) | 843,037 (14.05ms) | 854,154 (28.47ms) | 890,598 (14.84ms) | 1.52 | 14.60 | $12.8 \mathrm{~K}(844+12 \mathrm{~K})$ |
|  | (2) | 838,212 (27.94ms) | 866,315 (14.44ms) | 869,718 (28.99ms) | 910,054 (15.17ms) | 3.09 | 32.90 | 5K (1032 + 4K) |
|  | (3) | 851,232 (28.37ms) | 876,816 (14.61ms) | 877,959 (29.27ms) | 917,367 (15.29ms) | 1.52 | 14.60 | $5 \mathrm{~K}(984+4 K)$ |

*: Twiddle Factors Table.
(0): Algorithmic optimized for speed.
(1): Algorithmic optimized for accuracy.
(2): Algorithmic optimized for size.
(3): Algorithmic optimized for size and accuracy.

Table 1.1.2 - Benchmark of 16-bit Radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: avr32-uc3 optimized

|  |  | T.F.T.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | T.F.T.* in FLASH (cycles) |  | Error |  | Algorithm's size in memory (bytes) (code size + T.F.T.* size) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) | Max. amplitude ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) |  |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  | wait-state |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |  |  | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |  |
| 64-point | (0) | 2,611 (87.0us) | 2,661 (44.4us) | 2,753 (91.8us) | 2,877 (48.0us) | 3.00 | 10.04 | $894(700+194)$ |
|  | (1) | 2,951 (98.4us) | 2,999 (50.0us) | 3,097 (103.2us) | 3,265 (54.4us) | 1.63 | 6.53 | $774(580+194)$ |
|  | (2) | 2,833 (94.4us) | 2,912 (48.5us) | 3,027 (100.9us) | 3,221 (53.7us) | 2.93 | 10.04 | 710 (644 + 66) |
|  | (3) | 3,206 (106.9us) | 3,311 (55.2us) | 3,458 (115.3us) | 3,683 (61.4us) | 1.63 | 6.53 | 766 (700 + 66) |
| 256-point | (0) | 13,661 (455.4us) | 13,932 (232.2us) | 14,306 (476.9us) | 14,904 (248.4us) | 2.78 | 13.86 | $1.4 \mathrm{~K}(700+770)$ |
|  | (1) | 15,777 (525.9us) | 16,033 (267.2us) | 16,428 (547.6us) | 17,242 (287.4us) | 1.68 | 7.46 | $1.3 \mathrm{~K}(580+770)$ |
|  | (2) | 14,651 (488.4us) | 15,056 (250.9us) | 15,527 (517.6us) | 16,442 (274.0us) | 2.87 | 15.82 | 902 (644 + 258) |
|  | (3) | 16,916 (563.9us) | 17,469 (291.2us) | 18,041 (601.4us) | 19,152 (319.2us) | 1.68 | 7.46 | 958 (700 + 258) |
| 1024-point | (0) | 67,671 (2.26ms) | 69,027 (1.15ms) | 70,355 (2.35ms) | 73,059 (1.22ms) | 2.84 | 19.33 | 3.7K (700 + 3K) |
|  | (1) | 79,195 (2.64ms) | 80,475 (1.34ms) | 81,887 (2.73ms) | 85,507 (1.43ms) | 1.69 | 10.23 | 3.6K (580 + 3K) |
|  | (2) | 71,765 (2.39ms) | 73,680 (1.23ms) | 75,403 (2.51ms) | 79,423 (1.32ms) | 2.86 | 19.33 | 1.6K (644 + 1K) |
|  | (3) | 83,906 (2.80ms) | 86,635 (1.44ms) | 88,560 (2.95ms) | 93,629 (1.56ms) | 1.69 | 10.23 | 1.7K (700 + 1K) |
| 4096-point | (0) | 322,897 (10.76ms) | 329,370 (5.49ms) | 333,764 (11.13ms) | 345,678 (5.76ms) | 2.80 | 23.69 | 12.7K (700 + 12K) |
|  | (1) | 381,269 (12.71ms) | 387,413 (6.46ms) | 392,146 (13.07ms) | 407,788 (6.80ms) | 1.58 | 11.84 | 12.6K (580 + 12K) |
|  | (2) | 339,439 (11.31ms) | 348,176 (5.80ms) | 354,159 (11.81ms) | 371,396 (6.19ms) | 2.81 | 23.69 | 4.6K (644 + 4K) |
|  | (3) | 400,304 (13.34ms) | 413,273 (6.89ms) | 419,111 (13.97ms) | 441,578 (7.36ms) | 1.58 | 11.84 | 4.7K (700 + 4K) |

*: Twiddle Factors Table.
(0): Algorithmic optimized for speed.
(1): Algorithmic optimized for accuracy.
(2): Algorithmic optimized for size.
(3): Algorithmic optimized for size and accuracy.

Table 1.2.1 - Benchmark of 32-bit Radix-4 D.I.T. complex FFT: generic

|  |  | T.F.T.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | T.F.T.* in FLASH (cycles) |  | Error |  | Algorithm's size in memory (bytes) (code size + T.F.T.* size) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average ( $\times 10^{-9}$ ) | Max. amplitude ( $\times 10^{-9}$ ) |  |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  | wait-state |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |
| 64-point | (0) | 13,206 (440.2us) | 13,509 (225.2us) | 13,580 (452.7us) | 14,063 (234.4us) | 0.70 | 5.70 | $2.2 \mathrm{~K}(1816+392)$ |
|  | (1) | 15,323 (510.8us) | 15,659 (261.0us) | 15,627 (520.9us) | 16,113 (268.6us) | 0.60 | 5.70 | $2.4 \mathrm{~K}(2112+392)$ |
|  | (2) | 13,622 (454.1us) | 14,011 (233.5us) | 13,938 (464.6us) | 14,497 (241.6us) | 0.70 | 5.70 | 2.0K (1952 + 136) |
|  | (3) | 15,714 (523.8us) | 16,245 (270.8us) | 16,058 (535.3us) | 16,805 (280.1us) | 0.60 | 5.70 | $2.3 \mathrm{~K}(2248+136)$ |
| 256-point | (0) | 74,297 (2.48ms) | 75,940 (1.27ms) | 75,992 (2.53ms) | 78,445 (1.31ms) | 0.50 | 4.80 | 3.3K (1816 + 1.5K) |
|  | (1) | 87,791 (2.93ms) | 89,605 (1.49ms) | 89,165 (2.97ms) | 91,636 (1.53ms) | 0.30 | 4.80 | 3.6K (2112 + 1.5K) |
|  | (2) | 76,136 (2.54ms) | 78,160 (1.30ms) | 77,537 (2.58ms) | 80,329 (1.34ms) | 0.50 | 4.80 | 2.4K (1952 + 520) |
|  | (3) | 89,543 (2.98ms) | 92,446 (1.54ms) | 91,058 (3.04ms) | 94,978 (1.59ms) | 0.30 | 4.80 | $2.7 \mathrm{~K}(2248+520)$ |
| 1024-point | (0) | 383,212 (12.77ms) | 391,715 (6.53ms) | 390,260 (13.01ms) | 402,123 (6.70ms) | 0.50 | 8.80 | 7.8K (1816 + 6K) |
|  | (1) | 457,571 (15.25ms) | 466,815 (7.78ms) | 463,279 (15.44ms) | 475,223 (7.92ms) | 0.30 | 6.10 | 8.1K (2112 + 6K) |
|  | (2) | 390,794 (13.03ms) | 400,869 (6.68ms) | 396,576 (13.22ms) | 409,841 (6.83ms) | 0.50 | 8.80 | 3.9K (1952 + 2K) |
|  | (3) | 464,988 (15.50ms) | 479,847 (8.00ms) | 471,226 (15.71ms) | 490,367 (8.17ms) | 0.30 | 6.10 | 4.2K (2248 + 2K) |

*: Twiddle Factors Table.
(0): Algorithmic optimized for speed.
(1): Algorithmic optimized for accuracy.
(2): Algorithmic optimized for size.
(3): Algorithmic optimized for size and accuracy.

Table 2.1.1-Benchmark of 16-bit Convolution: generic

| $1^{\text {st }}$ input signal | $2^{\text {nd }}$ input signal | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-5}\right)$ | Max. amplitude (x10 $0^{-5}$ ) |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |  |  |
| 32-point | 32-points | 15,681 (522.7us) | 16,344 (272.4us) | 1.60 | 3.90 |
|  | 64-points | 23,524 (784.1us) | 24,508 (408.5us) | 2.00 | 4.50 |
|  | 128-points | 39,204 (1.31ms) | 40,830 (680.5us) | 1.90 | 4.50 |
|  | 256-points | 70,564 (2.35ms) | 73,470 (1.22ms) | 1.70 | 4.10 |
| 64-point | 64-points | 57,757 (1.93ms) | 60,084 (1.00ms) | 1.80 | 4.70 |
|  | 128-points | 86,752 (2.89ms) | 90,234 (1.50ms) | 1.80 | 4.40 |
|  | 256-points | 144,736 (4.82ms) | 150,522 (2.51ms) | 1.50 | 4.80 |
| 128-point | 128-points | 221,780 (7.39ms) | 230,512 (3.84ms) | 1.80 | 5.30 |
|  | 256-points | 333,018 (11.10ms) | 346,097 (5.77ms) | 1.70 | 5.00 |
| 256-point | 256-points | 869,316 (28.98ms) | 903,136 (15.05ms) | 1.70 | 5.40 |

Table 2.1.2 - Benchmark of 16-bit Convolution: avr32-uc3 optimized

| $1^{\text {st }}$ input signal | $2^{\text {nd }}$ input signal | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | wait-state |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-5}\right)$ | Max. amplitude ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  |
| 32-point | 32-points | 5,571 (185.7us) | 6,127 (102.1us) | 1.60 | 3.90 |
|  | 64-points | 8,248 (274.9us) | 9,070 (151.2us) | 2.00 | 4.50 |
|  | 128-points | 13,592 (453.1us) | 14,944 (249.1us) | 1.90 | 4.50 |
|  | 256-points | 24,280 (809.3us) | 26,688 (444.8us) | 1.70 | 4.10 |
| 64-point | 64-points | 19,087 (636.2us) | 20,947 (349.1us) | 1.80 | 4.70 |
|  | 128-points | 28,532 (951.1us) | 31,308 (521.8us) | 1.80 | 4.40 |
|  | 256-points | 47,412 (1.58ms) | 52,012 (866.9us) | 1.50 | 4.80 |
| 128-point | 128-points | 70,694 (2.36ms) | 77,471 (1.29ms) | 1.80 | 5.30 |
|  | 256-points | 105,966 (3.53ms) | 116,099 (1.93ms) | 1.70 | 5.00 |
| 256-point | 256-points | 272,214 (9.07ms) | 298,031 (4.97ms) | 1.70 | 5.40 |

Table 2.2.1 - Benchmark of 32-bit Convolution: generic

| $1^{\text {st }}$ input signal | $2^{\text {nd }}$ input signal | Execution time (cycles)wait-state |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ | Max. amplitude $\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  |
| 32-point | 32-points | 28,359 (945.3us) | 29,182 (486.4us) | 0.40 | 1.60 |
|  | 64-points | 42,572 (1.42ms) | 43,788 (729.8us) | 0.40 | 2.10 |
|  | 128-points | 70,988 (2.37ms) | 72,990 (1.22ms) | 0.30 | 1.90 |
|  | 256-points | 127,820 (4.26ms) | 131,390 (2.19ms) | 0.40 | 1.70 |
| 64-point | 64-points | 109,179 (3.64ms) | 112,334 (1.87ms) | 0.40 | 1.70 |
|  | 128-points | 163,968 (5.47ms) | 168,678 (2.81ms) | 0.50 | 1.60 |
|  | 256-points | 273,536 (9.12ms) | 281,350 (4.69ms) | 0.60 | 2.70 |
| 128-point | 128-points | 429,026 (14.30ms) | 441,458 (7.36ms) | 0.40 | 2.30 |
|  | 256-points | 644,074 (21.47ms) | 662,677 (11.04ms) | 0.40 | 2.00 |
| 256-point | 256-points | 1,701,554 (56.72ms) | 1,750,962 (29.18ms) | 0.50 | 3.10 |

Table 2.2.2 - Benchmark of 32-bit Convolution: avr32-uc3 optimized

| $1^{\text {st }}$ input signal | $2^{\text {nd }}$ input signal | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | wait-state |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ | Max. amplitude$\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  |
| 32-point | 32-points | 13,361 (445.4us) | 13,680 (228.0us) | 0.60 | 2.30 |
|  | 64-points | 19,958 (665.3us) | 20,414 (340.2us) | 0.50 | 2.10 |
|  | 128-points | 33,142 (1.10ms) | 33,872 (564.5us) | 0.50 | 1.90 |
|  | 256-points | 59,510 (1.98ms) | 60,784 (1.01ms) | 0.50 | 2.10 |
| 64-point | 64-points | 50,501 (1.68ms) | 51,624 (860.4us) | 0.50 | 1.70 |
|  | 128-points | 75,722 (2.52ms) | 77,376 (1.29ms) | 0.60 | 2.40 |
|  | 256-points | 126,154 (4.21ms) | 128,864 (2.15ms) | 0.70 | 2.70 |
| 128-point | 128-points | 196,972 (6.57ms) | 201,244 (3.35ms) | 0.50 | 2.30 |
|  | 256-points | 295,540 (9.85ms) | 301,887 (5.03ms) | 0.60 | 2.30 |
| 256-point | 256-points | 778,684 (25.96ms) | 795,388 (13.26ms) | 0.60 | 3.10 |

Table 3.1.1 - Benchmark of 16-bit FIR Filter: generic

|  |  | I.R.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | I.R.* in FLASH (cycles)wait-state |  | Amplitude average ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) | Error |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. } \\ \text { amplitude } \\ \left(\times 10^{-5}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{0}$ at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |  | $\mathbf{0}$ at 30 MHz |  | 1 at 60 MHz |
| 64-point | 24 | 7,424 (247.5us) | 7,682 (128.0us) | 10,704 (356.8us) | 12,352 (205.9us) | 2.27 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 5,780 (192.7us) | 5,996 (99.9us) | 8,517 (283.9us) | 9,868 (164.5us) | 3.09 | 15.57 |
| 256-point | 24 | 41,793 (1.39ms) | 43,202 (720.0us) | 60,433 (2.01ms) | 69,760 (1.16ms) | 2.22 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 70,101 (2.34ms) | 72,620 (1.21ms) | 103,750 (3.46ms) | 120,268 (2.00ms) | 5.66 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 90,921 (3.03ms) | 94,262 (1.57ms) | 135,691 ( 4.52 ms ) | 157,528 (2.63ms) | 11.25 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 105,127 ( 3.50 ms ) | 108,903 (1.82ms) | 156,466 ( 5.22 ms ) | 185,989 (3.10ms) | 14.19 | 63.71 |
| 512-point | 24 | 87,617 (2.92ms) | 90,562 (1.51ms) | 126,737 (4.22ms) | 146,304 (2.44ms) | 2.23 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 155,861 ( 5.20 ms ) | 161,452 (2.69ms) | 230,726 (7.69ms) | 267,468 (4.46ms) | 5.78 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 216,617 (7.22ms) | 224,566 (3.74ms) | 323,339 (10.78ms) | 375,384 (6.26ms) | 10.79 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 276,391 ( 9.21 ms ) | 286,311 (4.77ms) | 411,442 (13.71ms) | 489,093 (8.15ms) | 14.05 | 63.71 |
| 1024-point | 24 | 179,265 (5.98ms) | 185,282 (3.09ms) | 259,345 (8.64ms) | 299,392 (4.99ms) | 2.21 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 327,381 (10.91ms) | 339,116 (5.65ms) | 484,678 (16.16ms) | 561,868 ( 9.36 ms ) | 5.85 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 468,009 (15.60ms) | 485, 174 (8.09ms) | 698,635 (23.29ms) | 811,096 (13.52ms) | 10.69 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 618,919 (20.63ms) | 641,127 (10.69ms) | 921,394 (30.71ms) | $\begin{aligned} & 1,095,301 \\ & (18.26 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{aligned}$ | 13.99 | 63.71 |

*: Impulse Response.

Table 3.1.2 - Benchmark of 16-bit FIR Filter: avr32-uc3 optimized

|  |  | I.R.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | I.R.* in FLASH (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. } \\ \text { amplitude } \\ \left(\times 10^{-5}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  | wait-state |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |
| 64-point | 24 | 2,439 (81.3us) | 2,657 (44.3us) | 2,703 (90.1us) | 3,054 (50.9us) | 2.27 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 2,115 (70.5us) | 2,309 (38.5us) | 2,355 (78.5us) | 2,670 (44.5us) | 3.09 | 15.57 |
| 256-point | 24 | 12,712 (423.7us) | 13,841 (230.7us) | 14,128 (470.9us) | 15,966 (266.1us) | 2.22 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 21,604 (720.1us) | 23,573 (392.9us) | 24,148 (804.9us) | 27,390 (456.5us) | 5.66 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 28,192 (939.7us) | 30,785 (513.1us) | 31,576 (1.05ms) | 35,862 (597.7us) | 11.25 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 32,966 (1.10ms) | 36,014 (600.2us) | 36,966 (1.23ms) | 42,015 (700.3us) | 14.19 | 63.71 |
| 512-point | 24 | 26,408 (880.3us) | 28,753 (479.2us) | 29,360 (978.7us) | 33,182 (553.0us) | 2.23 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 47,588 (1.59ms) | 51,925 (865.4us) | 53,204 (1.77ms) | 60,350 (1.01ms) | 5.78 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 66,464 (2.22ms) | 72,577 (1.21ms) | 74,456 (2.48ms) | 84,566 (1.41ms) | 10.79 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 85,574 (2.85ms) | 93,486 (1.56ms) | 95,974 (3.20ms) | 109,087 (1.82ms) | 14.05 | 63.71 |
| 1024-point | 24 | 53,800 (1.79ms) | 58,577 (976.3us) | 59,824 (1.99ms) | 67,614 (1.13ms) | 2.21 | 9.46 |
|  | 48 | 99,556 (3.32ms) | 108,629 (1.81ms) | 111,316 (3.71ms) | 126,270 (2.10ms) | 5.85 | 27.20 |
|  | 72 | 143,008 (4.77ms) | 156,161 (2.60ms) | 160,216 (5.34ms) | 181,974 (3.03ms) | 10.69 | 52.65 |
|  | 100 | 190,790 (6.36ms) | 208,430 (3.47ms) | 213,990 (7.13ms) | 243,231 (4.05ms) | 13.99 | 63.71 |

*: Impulse Response.

Table 3.2.1 - Benchmark of 32-bit FIR Filter: generic

|  |  | I.R.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | I.R.* in FLASH (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average ( $\times 10^{-9}$ ) | Max. amplitude ( $\times 10^{-9}$ ) |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  | wait-state |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |
| 64-point | 24 | 13,984 (466.1us) | 14,365 (239.4us) | 16,608 (553.6us) | 18,624 (310.4us) | 2.10 | 12.40 |
|  | 48 | 11,101 (370.0us) | 11,419 (190.3us) | 13,311 (443.7us) | 14,865 (247.8us) | 2.50 | 14.40 |
| 256-point | 24 | 79,073 (2.64ms) | 81,181 (1.35ms) | 93,985 (3.13ms) | 105,408 (1.76ms) | 2.30 | 17.40 |
|  | 48 | 135,518 (4.52ms) | 139,291 (2.32ms) | 162,688 (5.42ms) | 181,713 (3.03ms) | 2.70 | 16.60 |
|  | 72 | 177,131 (5.90ms) | 182,137 (3.04ms) | 213,391 (7.11ms) | 238,002 (3.97ms) | 4.60 | 31.50 |
|  | 100 | 187,238 (6.24ms) | 194,313 (3.24ms) | 241,717 (8.06ms) | 264,808 (4.41ms) | 4.60 | 31.90 |
| 512-point | 24 | 165,857 ( 5.53 ms ) | 170,269 (2.84ms) | 197,153 (6.57ms) | 221,120 (3.69ms) | 2.60 | 23.10 |
|  | 48 | 301,406 (10.05ms) | 309,787 (5.16ms) | 361,856 (12.06ms) | 404,177 (6.74ms) | 3.20 | 23.90 |
|  | 72 | 422,123 (14.07ms) | 434,041 (7.23ms) | 508,559 (16.95ms) | 567,218 (9.45ms) | 5.10 | 35.30 |
|  | 100 | 492,390 ( 16.41 ms ) | 510,985 (8.52ms) | 635,701 (21.19ms) | 696,424 (11.61ms) | 5.10 | 31.90 |
| 1024-point | 24 | 339,425 (11.31ms) | 348,445 (5.81ms) | 403,489 (13.45ms) | 452,544 (7.54ms) | 3.70 | 28.40 |
|  | 48 | 633,182 (21.11ms) | 650,779 (10.85ms) | 760,192 (25.34ms) | 849,105 (14.15ms) | 4.60 | 29.30 |
|  | 72 | 912,107 ( 30.40 ms ) | 937,849 (15.63ms) | $\begin{aligned} & 1,098,895 \\ & (36.63 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,225,650 \\ & (20.43 \mathrm{~ms}) \end{aligned}$ | 6.50 | 35.30 |
|  | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{1 , 1 0 2 , 6 9 4} \\ & (36.76 \mathrm{~ms}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1,144,329 \\ & (19.07 \mathrm{~ms}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1,423,669 \\ & (47.46 \mathrm{~ms}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,559,656 \\ & (26.00 \mathrm{~ms}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 6.40 | 33.30 |

*: Impulse Response.

Table 3.2.2 - Benchmark of 32-bit FIR Filter: avr32-uc3 optimized

|  |  | I.R.* in SRAM (cycles) |  | I.R.* in FLASH (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Max. amplitude$\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  |  | wait-state |  | average |
|  |  | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60MHz | 0 at 30 MHz |  | 1 at 60MHz | (x10-9) |
| 64-point | 24 | 6,479 (216.0us) | 6,613 (110.2us) | 9,141 (304.7us) | 10,918 (182.0us) | 2.10 | 12.40 |
|  | 48 | 5,132 (171.1us) | 5,245 (87.4us) | 7,305 (243.5us) | 8,866 (147.8us) | 2.50 | 14.40 |
| 256-point | 24 | 36,432 (1.21ms) | 37,140 (619.0us) | 51,574 (1.72ms) | 61,605 (1.03ms) | 2.30 | 12.40 |
|  | 48 | 62,157 (2.07ms) | 63,420 (1.06ms) | 88,906 (2.96ms) | 107,937 (1.80ms) | 2.70 | 16.60 |
|  | 72 | 81,114 (2.70ms) | 82,788 (1.38ms) | 116,446 (3.88ms) | 142,173 (2.37ms) | 4.60 | 31.50 |
|  | 100 | 94,441 (3.15ms) | 96,490 (1.61ms) | 140,910 (4.70ms) | 166,671 (2.78ms) | 4.60 | 31.90 |
| 512-point | 24 | 76,368 (2.55ms) | 77,844 (1.30ms) | 108,150 (3.61ms) | 129,189 (2.15ms) | 2.60 | 23.10 |
|  | 48 | 138,189 (4.61ms) | 140,988 (2.35ms) | 197,706 (6.59ms) | 240,033 (4.00ms) | 3.20 | 23.90 |
|  | 72 | 193,242 (6.44ms) | 197,220 (3.29ms) | 277,470 (9.25ms) | 338,781 (5.65ms) | 5.10 | 35.30 |
|  | 100 | 248,297 (8.28ms) | 253,674 (4.23ms) | 370,542 (12.35ms) | 438,287 (7.30ms) | 5.10 | 31.90 |
| 1024-point | 24 | 156,240 (5.21ms) | 159,252 (2.65ms) | 221,302 (7.38ms) | 264,357 (4.41ms) | 3.70 | 28.40 |
|  | 48 | 290,253 (9.68ms) | 296,124 (4.94ms) | 415,306 (13.84ms) | 504,225 (8.40ms) | 4.50 | 29.30 |
|  | 72 | 417,498 (13.92ms) | 426,084 (7.10ms) | 599,518 (19.99ms) | 731,997 (12.20ms) | 6.50 | 35.30 |
|  | 100 | 556,009 (18.53ms) | 568,042 (9.47ms) | 829,806 (27.66ms) | 981,519 (16.36ms) | 6.40 | 33.30 |

*: Impulse Response.

Table 4.1.1 - Benchmark of 16-bit FIR Filter: generic

|  |  | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-5}\right)$ | Max. amplitude ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30 MHz | 1 at 60 MHz |  |  |
| 72-point | 2 | 5,294 (176.5us) | 5,717 (95.3us) | 1.50 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 11,469 (382.3us) | 12,802 (213.4us) | 1.40 | 4.30 |
|  | 12 | 16,319 (544.0us) | 18,387 (306.5us) | 2.50 | 7.60 |
| 256-point | 2 | 19,096 (636.5us) | 20,621 (343.7us) | 1.50 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 44,591 (1.49ms) | 49,786 (829.8us) | 1.40 | 4.30 |
|  | 12 | 68,761 (2.29ms) | 77,451 (1.29ms) | 3.50 | 8.90 |
| 512-point | 2 | 38,296 (1.28ms) | 41,357 (689.3us) | 1.50 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 90,671 (3.02ms) | 101,242 (1.69ms) | 1.40 | 4.30 |
|  | 12 | 141,721 (4.72ms) | 159,627 (2.66ms) | 3.70 | 8.90 |
| 1024-point | 2 | 76,696 (2.56ms) | 82,829 (1.38ms) | 1.50 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 182,831 ( 6.09 ms ) | 204,154 (3.40ms) | 1.40 | 4.30 |
|  | 12 | 287,641 (9.59ms) | 323,979 (5.40ms) | 3.90 | 8.90 |

Table 4.1.2 - Benchmark of 16-bit FIR Filter: avr32-uc3 optimized

|  |  | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz | ( $\times 10^{-5}$ ) | (x10-5) |
| 72-point | 2 | 2,725 (90.8us) | 2,871 (47.9us) | 1.20 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 4,332 (144.4us) | 4,682 (78.0us) | 1.90 | 6.90 |
|  | 12 | 6,089 (203.0us) | 6,534 (108.9us) | 3.30 | 8.40 |
| 256-point | 2 | 9,167 (305.6us) | 9,633 (160.6us) | 1.10 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 15,006 (500.2us) | 16,228 (270.5us) | 1.70 | 6.90 |
|  | 12 | 22,283 (742.8us) | 23,876 (397.9us) | 5.10 | 12.40 |
| 512-point | 2 | 18,127 (604.2us) | 19,041 (317.4us) | 1.10 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 29,854 (995.1us) | 32,292 (538.2us) | 1.70 | 6.90 |
|  | 12 | 44,811 (1.49ms) | 48,004 (800.1us) | 5.60 | 12.40 |
| 1024-point | 2 | 36,047 (1.20ms) | 37,857 (631.0us) | 1.10 | 4.00 |
|  | 7 | 59,550 (1.99ms) | 64,420 (1.07ms) | 1.70 | 6.90 |
|  | 12 | 89,867 (3.00ms) | 96,260 (1.60ms) | 5.80 | 12.40 |

Table 4.2.2 - Benchmark of 32-bit FIR Filter: generic

|  |  | Execution time (cycles) |  | Error |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amplitude average$\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ | Max. amplitude $\left(\times 10^{-9}\right)$ |
|  |  | wait-state |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 at 30MHz | 1 at 60MHz |  |  |
| 72-point | 2 | 7,582 (252.7us) | 8,072 (134.5us) | 1.00 | 3.80 |
|  | 7 | 14,517 (483.9us) | 15,922 (265.4us) | 1.50 | 7.00 |
|  | 12 | 19,952 (665.1us) | 22,097 (368.3us) | 2.60 | 10.30 |
| 256-point | 2 | 27,456 (915.2us) | 29,232 (487.2us) | 0.80 | 3.80 |
|  | 7 | 56,471 (1.88ms) | 61,922 (1.03ms) | 1.50 | 7.00 |
|  | 12 | 83,986 (2.80ms) | 92,937 (1.55ms) | 1.50 | 10.30 |
| 512-point | 2 | 55,104 (1.84ms) | 58,672 (977.9us) | 0.80 | 3.80 |
|  | 7 | 114,839 (3.83ms) | 125,922 (2.10ms) | 1.50 | 7.00 |
|  | 12 | 173,074 ( 5.77 ms ) | 191,497 (3.19ms) | 1.40 | 10.30 |
| 1024-point | 2 | 110,400 (3.68ms) | 117,552 (1.96ms) | 0.80 | 3.80 |
|  | 7 | 231,575 (7.72ms) | 253,922 (4.23ms) | 1.50 | 7.00 |
|  | 12 | 351,250 (11.71ms) | 388,617 (6.48ms) | 1.30 | 10.30 |

Table 4.2.1 - Benchmark of 32-bit FIR Filter: avr32-uc3 optimized


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#### Abstract

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